part of an issue of securities with a good faith margin.

- (d) OTC marketmakers and third marketmakers. (1) A creditor may clear or finance with a good faith margin, marketmaking transactions for a creditor who is a registered NASDAQ marketmaker or a qualified third marketmaker as defined in SEC Rule 3b-8 (17 CFR 240.3b-8).
- (2) If the credit extended to a marketmaker ceases to be for the purpose of marketmaking, or the dealer ceases to be a marketmaker for an issue of securities for which credit was extended, the credit shall be subject to the margin specified in §220.18 (the Supplement).
- (e) Odd-lot dealers. A creditor may clear and finance odd-lot transactions for any creditor who is registered as an odd-lot dealer on a national securities exchange with a good faith margin.

[Reg. T, 61 FR 20395, May 6, 1996]

## §220.13 Arranging for loans by others.

A creditor may arrange for the extension or maintenance of credit to or for any customer by any person, provided the creditor does not willfully arrange credit that violates parts 207, 221, or 224 of this chapter.

[Reg. T, 61 FR 20396, May 6, 1996]

## § 220.14 Clearance of securities, options, and futures.

- (a) Credit for clearance of securities. The provisions of this part shall not apply to the extension or maintenance of any credit that is not for more than one day if it is incidental to the clearance of transactions in securities directly between members of a national securities exchange or association or through any clearing agency registered with the SEC.
- (b) Deposit of securities with a clearing agency. The provisions of this part shall not apply to the deposit of securities with an options or futures clearing agency for the purpose of meeting the deposit requirements of the agency if:
  - (1) The clearing agency:
- (i) Issues, guarantees performance on, or clears transactions in, any security (including options on any security, certificate of deposit, securities index or foreign currency); or

- (ii) Guarantees performance of contracts for the purchase or sale of a commodity for future delivery or options on such contracts;
- (2) The clearing agency is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or is the clearing agency for a contract market regulated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission; and
- (3) The deposit consists of any margin security and complies with the rules of the clearing agency that have been approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

[Reg. T, 61 FR 20396, May 6, 1996]

## §220.15 Borrowing by creditors.

- (a) Restrictions on borrowing. A creditor may not borrow in the ordinary course of business as a broker or dealer using as collateral any registered non-exempted security, except:
- (1) From or through a member bank of the Federal Reserve System; or
- (2) From any nonmember bank that has filed with the Board an agreement as prescribed in paragraph (b) of this section, which agreement is still in effect; or
- (3) From another creditor if the loan is permissible under this part.
- (b) Agreements of nonmember banks. (1) A nonmember bank shall file an agreement that conforms to the requirements of section 8(a) of the Act (See Form FR T-1, T-2).
- (2) Any nonmember bank may terminate its agreement if it obtains the written consent of the Board.

[Reg. T, 61 FR 20396, May 6, 1996]

## §220.16 Borrowing and lending securities.

(a) Without regard to the other provisions of this part, a creditor may borrow or lend securities for the purpose of making delivery of the securities in the case of short sales, failure to receive securities required to be delivered, or other similar situations. Each borrowing shall be secured by a deposit of one or more of the following: cash, cash equivalents, foreign sovereign nonconvertible debt securities that are